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## Introduction

Navigating potential post-secondary hockey opportunities can be an overwhelming process, but it doesn't have to be.

This resource guide provides athletes and families with a starting point as well as important things to consider throughout the process. It is important to note that each family and institution's timelines are different, and that the information contained in this resource guide is recommended guidelines. Each athlete/ family is responsible for identifying and meeting the required deadlines for a specific institution.



each school side-by-side really allowed for me to weigh out the schools in regards to my values -Sierra LaPlante, UBC









SPORTS	355	NC	44.	<u>ACHA</u>
USPORTS	ACAC	NCAA DIV.I	NCAA DIV.III	ACHA
31 TEAMS	4 TEAMS	41 TEAMS	72 TEAMS	60 TEAMS APPRO
<ul> <li>Canadian University League – broken into four smaller regional leagues</li> <li>Athletes have five years of playing eligibility</li> <li>Athletes can received athletic aid from programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Alberta Based College League</li> <li>Athletes have five years of playing eligibility</li> <li>Athletes can receive athletic aid from programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Top Division of US         College Hockey         – broken into five         smaller regional         leagues</li> <li>Athletes have four         years of playing         eligibility</li> <li>Athletes can         receive athletic         scholarships</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>US Hockey College Hockey – broken into nine smaller regional leagues</li> <li>Athletes have four years of playing eligibility</li> <li>Athletes can receive financial aid packages fron schools</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Athletes have four years of playing eligibilit</li> <li>Athletes may</li> </ul>
Canada West (CW)	Northern Alberta	College Hockey	ECAC East	Division I
Ontario University	Institute of	America (CHA)	ECAC Last ECAC West	Division III
Athletics (OUA)	Technology (NAIT)  Red Deer College  Olds College  Southern Alberta  Institute of Technology (SAIT)	Eastern College Athletic Conference (ECAC) Hockey  Hockey East Association (HEA)  New England Women's Hockey Alliance (NEWHA)  Western Collegiate Hockey Associaton (WCHA)	Minnesota Intercollegiate Athletic Conference (MIAC)	DIVISORI III
Réseau du sport étudiant du Québec (RSEQ) Atlantic University Sport (AUS)				
			New England Small College Athletic Conference (NESCAC)	
			Northern Collegiate Hockey Association (NCHA)	
			New England Hockey Conference (NEHC)	
			Northeast Women's Hockey League (NEWHL)	
			United Collegiate Hockey Conference	

Wisconsin

Intercollegiate Athletic Conference

(WIAC)

A pros and cons list for

## **Online Resources**

https://usports.ca/en/sports/hockey/f/standings

http://www.acac.ab.ca/sports/wice/index

https://www.ncaa.com/sports/icehockey-women/nc



## The Process: Where to start and things to consider

#### **ACADEMICS**

- What is your academic program(s) of interest?
- What schools offer these programs?
- Is the program degree valid for the country you will live/work in?
- What is the size of the school (enrolment)?
- What is the average class size?
- Where is the school located?
- What are the costs associated with the school?
  - Tuition
  - Books
  - Housing and meals
  - Travel to/from
- Does the school offer financial assistance (academic scholarships, athletic scholarships, financial aid, bursaries)?
- What is important to you for your college experience?

#### **ATHLETICS**

- What is the coach's philosophy?
- What do current players have to say about their experience?
- What is the team culture/values?
- What are the athletic facilities like? Are they on campus?
- How often does the team practice and/or workout?
- How many teams are in their league? What is the travel like for games?
- Are there other support personnel available (fitness, athletic therapist, mental performance, nutrition, academic advisors, tutors, etc)?
- Think about your overall development every athlete has areas of improvement. Are there certain parts of a program that will aid in helping you achieving your athletic goals?



## Coaches: Contacting and what to ask

## What should I do before I contact coaches?

- Prior to contacting a school, be sure to do the research.
- Things to consider:
  - Do they have your program?
  - Are they right size school?
  - · What about their school interests you?

## How should I contact coaches?

- You can phone or email coaches.
- Coaches can respond at any time except for NCAA Division I (see Recruiting, page 10)
- It is best that athletes make the calls and send emails. Coaches are interested in building repoire with the athlete directly and not second hand through a parent or guardian.

## When sending an email what should it include?

- Keep it short, but make sure to include:
  - Your name
  - Your position
  - The year you graduate high school
  - Your team and your schedule
  - Your coach's contact information
  - Optional Attachments:
    - 1. 5 Minute Highlight Video make sure highlight videos are only 5 minutes and include a variety of plays
    - 2. A Resume include your Academic, Athletic and Personal Accomplishments

## What if a coach does not respond to my communication?

- Don't be discouraged. There are lots of Post-Secondary playing opportunities ... and depending on when you contacted, they might not be able to response (NCAA Communication, page 10)
- Be persistent, but be creative. What sets you apart from other players? Make sure you are showcasing your unique talents.
- Try expanding your search (make sure you are contacting more than 1-2 schools)
- Use your coaches. They can help be your biggest advocate.



One thing that was important to me during this process was communication between the coaches and players of the team. I really felt I belonged to the program before even going there to play just through the communication between me and the team/coaches - Camryn Drever St.Albert, U of S

# Recruiting: A timeline of the process

#### Grades 9 and 10

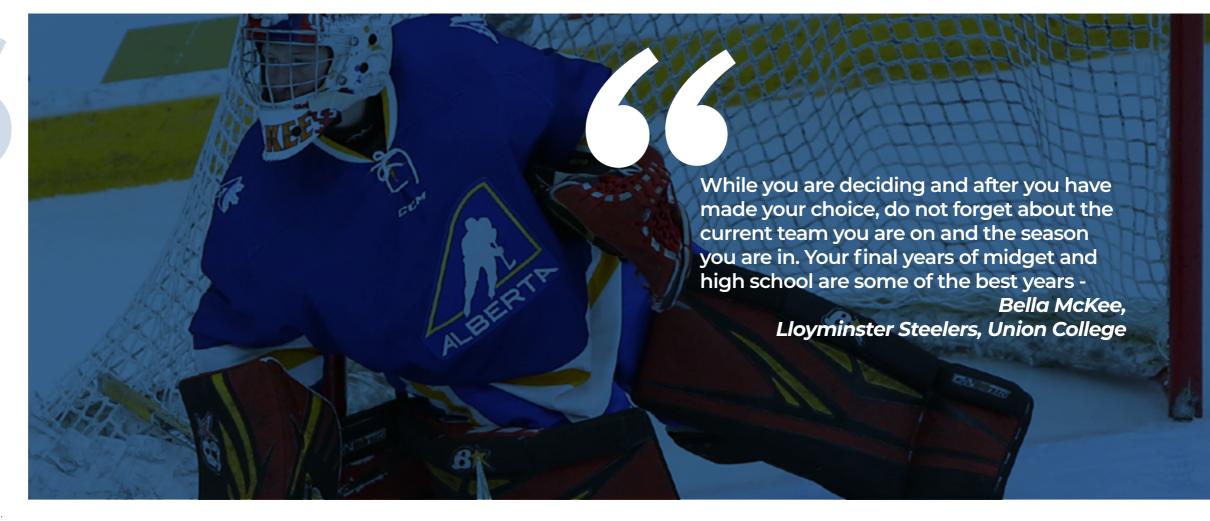
Research schools and programs:

- Start to create a list of potential schools that have your program(s) and might fit your criteria.
- Think about type of school, the experience, and the type of programs you might be interested in.
- Visit schools:
  - Walk around campus and take a tour so you can start to get a sense of what you may like for your post-secondary experience (size of campus, location of campus, class size, etc).
  - Connect with schools to express interest. If sending an email, it is important to include your graduation year, your team's schedule and your coach's contact information.

#### Important to know:

Reach out to college coaches and express your interest intheirschool. The majority of Post-Secondary Programs can have conversations and share information with you (with the exception of NCAA Division 1, see below).

NCAA Division I coaches cannot respond or have contact with you at this time. On and off campus is not permitted. They may send you a survey or basic information about the school, but this is all that is permissible at this point in your process. You can visit schools, but coaches and athletic department staff cannot have contact with you.



#### **Grade 11**

- Continue to look at schools and programs.
- If you have not done so yet, start narrowing down your list.
- Find out more detailed information about schools on your list.
  - How do they fit into the things you find important to your college experience?
- Talk to coaches and build relationships with them.
- Try and talk to current players ask them questions about their experience.
- Continue to visit different Universities and College

#### Important to know:

After June 15, prior to the start of your Grade 11 year, unlimited contact may begin with NCAA Division I coaches. This includes phone calls, emails, text messages, and mail. On or off campus in-person contact is still not permitted.

#### **Grade 11**

#### Important to know:

After August 1, prior to the start of your Grade 11 year, you can begin meeting with coaches on campus (unofficial) and off campus. Student athletes are also permitted to start taking official visits after this date (athletes must be registered with the NCAA Clearinghouse).

#### SOME THINGS TO CONSIDER:

If you are talking to multiple schools, be open and honest in your communication with them that you are looking at your options. Be sure to communicate your personal timelines.

Should you chose to commit and attend one of the schools you are talking to, ensure you are communicating your choice and commitment to other coaches/schools you were talking to. This shows your respect for the process and the time they took to get to know you.

#### Grade 12

- Continue to look at schools and programs.
- Finalize your list (visit any schools you might not have visited previously).
- Continue to find out information about schools on your list.
- Continue to build relationships with the coaches
- Try and talk to current players.
- If players have verbally committed, these athletes can sign Letter of Intent/ Commitment/Celebratory Letter

#### Important to note:

NCAA Division I National Letter of Intent has two signing periods, November and April. Prior to this date, any commitment is considered verbal.



# The Cost: Scholarship Opportunities and Financial Support

#### **Alberta Athletics Award**

Eligible to Alberta residents attending Alberta post-secondary (USport and ACAC) institutions and competing for their respective institution. Applications submitted to the respective Post-Secondary coach.

https://studentaid.alberta.ca/scholarships/alberta-scholarships/alberta-athletic-award/

#### **USport Athletic Scholarhips**

Athletic Scholarships are available. Teams have a pool of money that they can distribute as they see fit to players.

#### **NCAA Division 1**

Eighteen full athletic scholarships are available (can be broken up as coaches see fit). If you are looking at financial aid, you can find information on the schools website or by talking to one of their Financial Aid Advisors.

#### **Academic Scholarships**

All Post-Secondary institutions have academic scholarships (full or partial) available for students with high academic marks.

#### **Financial Assistance and Bursaries**

Many Post-Secondary institutions have scholarships, bursaries and financial assistance available. Bursaries tend to be based on either financial need and/or academic achievement. Do your research, bursaries tend to only be open to domestic students whereas scholarships can be open to all. If you are looking at financial aid, you can find information on the the schools website or by talking to one of their Financial Aid Advisors.

#### **Government Loans and Grants**

Federal and Provincial Governments do provide students with the opportunity for tuition assistance in the form of loans and grants. Information about these programs are available on the Provincial and Federal websites. Make sure you are reading through all eligibility and criteria.. Additionally, your Post-Secondary Institution may be able to assist you with any questions.

#### **Community Organizations**

Charities, foundations and private companies also provide opportunities for student to receive scholarships. These are not associated with the Post-Secondary institution and you may have to do some research to find these opportunities.

#### **Verbal Commitment**

Agreement made between the coach of a program and a student-athlete. It is not binding and can occur any time prior to an athlete signing a Letter of Intent or Commitment letter. A verbal commitment can include the potential scholarship allotment that has been offered to a student athlete. The studentathlete will still need to gain admission to the Post-Secondary Institution in order to compete for that school.

#### Celebratory/ **Commitment Letter**

A formal document between the athlete, the team and the post-secondary institution.

#### **Official Visit**

NCAA Division 1 only: Expenses are covered by the institution and you are only permitted to take five after August 1 going into your Grade 11 year.

#### **Full Scholarship**

A scholarship that covers the full amount of your tuition, fees and potentially more.

#### **NCAA** Clearinghouse

Is an essential step to becoming eligible to compete in the NCAA (Division I or III). The Clearinghouse assists in determining an athletes academic eligibility and amateur status. Prospective-Student Athletes only need to register with the Clearinghouse if they are being recruited by NCAA Schools. Information about the NCAA Clearinghouse can be found here: http://www.ncaa.org/student-athletes/ future/how-register

## Terminology: **Key phrases** to know

Alberta Female Hockey League

#### **Letter of Intent**

NCAA Division I - referred to as a National Letter of Intent (NLI) is an officially binding agreement between the athlete. institution and the NCAA. This is signed during the athletes Grade 12 year.

USPORTS - referred to as a Letter of Intent (LOI) and is a bunding agreement between the athlete and the Institution. Athletes can sign these after September of their Grade 12 year.

#### **Unofficial Visit**

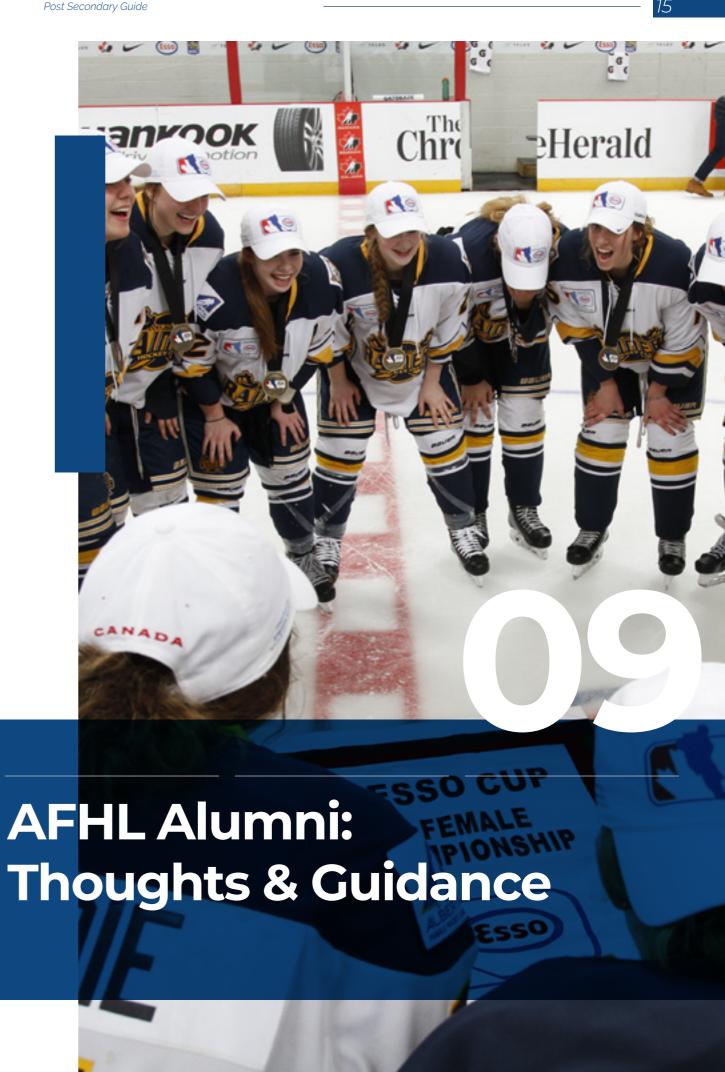
All expenses are covered by your family and you can do an unlimited number of these types of visits.

#### **Partial Scholarship**

A scholarship that covers a portion of your tuition and fees.

#### **USports Registry**

This Registry is a process that will need to be completed by all players who intend on signing a Letter of Intent for a USPORTS Program. Players are encouraged to register early to signal that they have an interest in staying in Canada to pursue their Post-Secondary options. Information about the registry can be found here: https://usportscentral.ca/studentcentre/



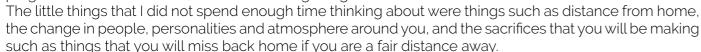
### Bella McKee

#### Lloydminster Steelers Union College

The biggest reason I selected Union was the opportunity that the coaches were giving me and their attitude towards getting to know me as a person, not just a hockey player.

Throughout the process it was important to me to communicate often with the coaches and to reach out with any questions that I had.

My advice for someone going through this process now is to just make sure you take into account all of the little things in your life as well as the big important factors. Make sure you like the coaches, school and programs the school offers, those are the big things.



Finally, I would just like to add that regardless of where you end up going to school and whether you play hockey or not just be sure to enjoy every minute of it. Make sure you take your time and enjoy the process of making the decision as well. Enjoy where you are and embrace every moment and memory. Play hard, have a ton of fun in every opportunity that you get, and always stay humble!



## **Tori Chenier**

#### PCFAC Storm Olds College/ University of Windsor

The biggest reason for choosing Olds College was because it was a great team/league to develop in while getting used to the academic and athletic demands of College hockey. The University of Windsor was a great school to transfer both Academic and Athletics wise and met all of my needs as a student athlete.

What was important to me throughout the process was finding schools that benefited myself as a whole. Both the education and team aspect needed to fit my needs and make me feel welcomed and needed.

Advice I would give to someone going through this process now is to take it slow, if there are multiple options find the school that best fits you as a person, student and athlete before jumping into the first or most visually appealing option. When going through the recruitment and commitment process choose only based on your opinions and stay strong when others are giving their input. If opportunities come take them and make the most of it, use the resources provided to you by both the team and the school.



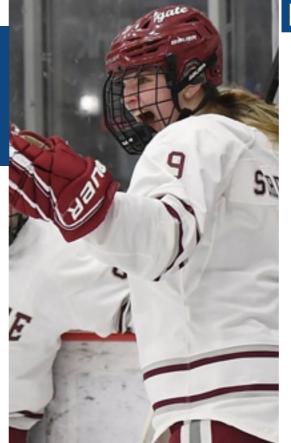
## **Alexandra Poznikoff**

## **Edmonton Univeristy of Alberta**

One of the biggest driving factors for choosing my school was the desire to grow the Canadian women's hockey game in Canada. I believe in the strength of U Sports league and I wanted to be apart of that development and knowing the U of A has been an incredible program for many years that was another reason I wanted to join them

Throughout the process the education I was going to be able to receive was extremely important as well as being close to home.

I would just say when you are looking around or possibly doing visits look at the team culture and the atmosphere because being somewhere that you feel suits you the best will make that transition to post-secondary more comfortable and seamless.



## **Danielle Serdachny**

## **Edmonton Pandas Colgate University**

Choosing a university is an important decision. It's critical that you visit and see for yourself what the school is like in person and all that it has to offer. I was fortunate enough to be able to tour a variety of universities, so I was able to get a feel for different campuses both big and small and what felt most right to me. When I chose Colgate it felt like the right fit and was is also a great school both academically and athletically. The coaching staff is great and they truly care about you both as a person and a player.

One thing that was really important to me while deciding on a school, was finding a place where I could best achieve my goals both athletically and academically.

A piece of advice that I would give throughout this process is not to rush it. It's a really stressful and exciting time for you and it is a big decision to make. So making sure you take the time to really think about all factors and decide what you think is the best fit for you personally.



The biggest reason I choose to attend McGill university was the quality of education coupled with the level of hockey. At post-secondary, schoolwork is equally as important as hockey because as female athletes we need to excel at both. What really sold me on choosing a university was being able to experience a 'day in the life' of a student-athlete. This allowed me to match the school with what worked with my individual schedule and needs. The hockey philosophy at McGill also fit my style of play; hardworking, competitive and fast. The atmosphere of striving for excellence in both hockey and academics is what shaped my choice. Overall, my decision to commit to was because McGill felt like the right place for me.

One important thing to consider during the process is to ask lots of questions. Being informed is the best way to get to know a school. It is vital to stalk the school's website, admission requirements, roster, courses, residences, etc... to formulate appropriate questions. Coaches also acknowledged that you have done your research, it shows commitment on your part to want to come to their school. Questions also help limit confusion and help set clear expectations from the school. Another crucial aspect to consider in the post-secondary process is to be unique. Finding a way to stand out from other recruits, having a broad range of skills and marketing

yourself to schools expands your options at finding a post-secondary school that fits.

One piece of advice I would give to someone seeking to be a student-athlete at a postsecondary institution is to choose a school that you would be capable of attending without hockey. Events happen that are unexpected; injury, not getting enough playing time, bad grades, etc... being comfortable in a school without these things is key for a student's happiness and success. If you can imagine yourself walking to class, studying in the library and working out in the facilities then your decision is easier to make.

It is essential to realize that everyone's postsecondary needs are different, and that it is your choice. It is possible to attend any school that you want to as long as you put your mind to it. The best way to do that is to keep your grades up and your options open.

## **Laura Jardin**

**Rocky Mountain Raiders McGill University** 

The biggest reason I selected UBC as my school was the culture of not only the team and the coaches, but also the campus culture. With UBC, the student-life and the University of British Columbia athlete-life really appealed to me.

Throughout this process the main thing that was mo important to me was ensuring that my post-secondary institution would not only provide me with a great hockey career of developing my playing abilities, but also an institution that would allow for me to finish my 4 or 5 years with a proper education. This priority made sure that I was looking at the school, as a whole, and not just keying into the hockey experience I would be receiving.

Obviously, this process isn't one to rush into, understanding your values and prioritizing what's important to you when you are researching and looking into schools is key. I know for me, a pros and cons list for each school sideby-side really allowed for me to weigh out the schools in regards to my values.

Finally, I would just like to say, enjoy this process. It only comes once. It may seem like some of the most stressful times, but it is some of the biggest moments in your life, as you get to decide what journey you take on next and where you continue to pursue your aspirations. So find your fit with the institution that satisfies your needs, and don't be afraid to promote yourself and what's important to you along this path of deciding what's next!

## **Calgary Fire** Sierra LaPlante



## Camryn Drever

#### St.Albert Slash **University of Saskatchewan**

The two biggest reasons I chose my school is because it has a great education program and it was it is close to home.

One thing that was important to me during this process was communication between the coaches and players of the team. I really felt I belonged to the program before even going there.

A piece of advice I would give to someone about to go through this process is let your friends/family help you. Talk to someone during your decision making. I found this process stressful but having someone to talk to with my best interest in mind, was super comforting.

Definitely enjoy the process, it may get stressful but remember to do what's best for you, it's your education and hockey career. The campus is sometimes a really good indicator of being in the right place, I really loved my campus off the start it was the perfect size and beautiful. Be proud of yourself and proud of your accomplishments thus far, the best part of your career is ahead of





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